## Kentucky High School Athletic Association

To: $\quad$ Superintendent, Principal, and Athletio Director
From:

Date:
May 23, 2001
Subject: Review of 2000-2001 Title IX Forms

Enclosed please find a copy of a review of the 2000-2001 Title IX Forms, submitted by your school. A copy of this information must be included in your permanent Title IX file at your school. In addition, you may find an attachment with corrected copies of the forms submitted by your school personnel. Please review this information so the forms can be completed accurately in the future.

Also, KHSAA Audit Staff may have requested a re-submission of some of the 2000-2001 Title IX forms or need additional information on your athletic programs. Please submit this information by the date requested if this is applicable.

Remember your permanent Title IX file at the school must be kept current with information pertaining to your athletics program. Copies of all KHSAA required documents should be part of this file and are subject to Open Records requests.

Should you need any further information, please do not hesitate to call anytime.

To: KHSAA Member School Superifitendents, Principals, and Athletic Directors
From: Louis Stout, Commissioner 2
Brigid L. Devries, Executive Assigtant Commissionner
Date: May 2001


RE: $\quad 2001$ Title IX Forms Submission


The following is a status report regarding the required 2000-2001 Title IX submission of forms due in to the KHSAA office by April 15, 2001. Appropriate audit personnel have reviewed these forms and the following is a summary of this review.

1. Checklist of Forms properly submitted in a satisfactory manner:

区GE 19 (Annual Verification)
$\square \top-1$ (Summary Program Chart 1)
$\square$ T-2 (Summary Program Chart 2)
©T-3 (Summary Program Chart 3)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { T-4 (Summary Program Chart 4) } \\
& \square T-41 \text { (Checklist - Overall Interschoiastic Program) } \\
& \text { T-60 (Corrective Action Plan) } \\
& \square T-63 \text { (Interscholastic Survey Results) }
\end{aligned}
$$

II. Status
A. 2000-2001 Forms are satisfactory and no further information or action is necessary at this time.
B. $Z /$ Errors have been noted with respect to the following forms and corrected copies are being returned to you for placement in your Title IX file to ensure proper submission in the future.

## (1) ERRORS WERE found on $T-1$ and $T-1$ forms. The eRRARS ARE Corrected enthe a thached farms. Please place the corereted forms in your Title IX file andcheek for arsinance of pruper sobinission inthe future

C. D The following forms were omitted and must be submirted by school representatives.
D. Other Recommendation and Comments:
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## ACCOMMODATION OF INTERESTS AND ABILITIES

SUMMARY PROGRAM CHART 1

## Participation Opportunities Test One



Instructions:

1) Determine the total number of girls enrolled.

Determine the total number of boys enrolled.
2) Add the total number of girls and boys enrolled to determine total enrollment.
3) Calculate the percentage of total enrollment that is female: Calculate the percentage of total enrollment that is male.
4) Ask the head coaches to review the most updated eligibility or squad lists for their thana Ask coaches to confirm the names of those individuals who are on the team as of the firs: date of competition, and cross out the names of those who were cut from the seam or quit the team prior to the first competitive event. Determine the total number of interscholastic athletics participants that are girls. In order to determine the total number of aninlencs participants an individual should be counted each time he or she participates or a tent. Fo: example, if Jane Doe competes on the varsity volleyball team, the junior varsity volleyball team, the junior varsity basketball team, and the varsity softball team, she should be counted as four participants (do not include club or intramural sports participants or chee-ieadess). Calculate the same way for boys and girls.
5) Calculate the percentage of female participation (column 1) based on information tron.
(column 4).

Calculate the percentage of male enrollment (column 1) based on information from (column
4).

Note: While being within three percent is not a formal compliance standard; if the percent listed in column 5 is within $3 \%$ of column 3 then it provides a good target within which compliance is likely.
Signature


Date:


## ACCOMMODATION OF INTERESTS AND ABILITIES <br> SUMMARY PROGRAM CHART 2

1) Calculate the number of interscholastic teams offered for girls at each competitive level (for example, varsity:

Calculate the number of interscholastic teams that have been added in the last five yeers at each competitive level
Determine the total number of participants that are currently on the teams that were aced in the las five years.
4) Calculate the percentage of participants that have been added in the last five years. For example, if gris vary soccer (22 participants), junic: varsity soccer ( 18 participants). junior varsity golf ( 8 pativizars) and feszanan softball ( 15 participants) have been added in the last five years, then 63 partipation cpporimines nile pent added for girls. If the total number of female participants in the program is 300 (taker from $\overline{\mathrm{S}}$ om 1-1, Column 4), then $21 \%$ of the current opportunities ( 63 of 300 ) have been added in the las: five years.

Note: If the percentage of current female participants added in the last five years is $25 \%$ or greater, compliance with test two may be possible. If less than $25 \%$, then compliance with test three should be analyzed. CA: TION: $25 \%$ not a formal compliance standard.
signature f Mace in Dacleuse Quad 3,200

Copyright :999, Good Sports. Inc., Tile $X$ X and Gender Equip Specialists. All rights reserved.

## KENTUCKY HIGH SCHOOL ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION ANNUAL VERIFICATION OF TITLE IX PROCEDURES <br> (To be submitted by April 15, 2001 along with other required forms)

The Larry A. Kyle<br>(Name of High School)

High School, $\qquad$ , Kertucly
(City)
certifies to the Kentucky High School Athletic Association that the foilowing is an accurate and true representation: of the facts surrounding compliance with Titte 20, U.S.C. Titles 1681-1688, et. Seq. (also known as Title 1.X)

I certify the following provisions in accordance with records at the school contained in the permanent Title IX file, and to the best of my knowledge have completed the following tasks. (All boxes must be checked)

Established a gender equity committee at the high school. (list committee personnel provide attachment if necessary)


February 5, 2001, March 15, 2001 and April 2, 2001

## 20

Charles Holland

School personnel is continuing to make periodic reviews of the boys and girls atheacs arogram reflected in the Corrective Action Plan.

In addition to the above information, the above referenced school maintains a corrplere permerent file relative to Title IX records inciuding copies of the self-assessment audit, all corrective action pians, and other related materials.


## SUMMARY PROGRAM CHART 1

## Participation Opportunities Test One

| Program | Enrollment (1) | Percentage of <br> Total <br> Enrollment (3) | Number of <br> Interscholastic <br> Participants <br> (double and <br> triple count) (4) | Percent of Total <br> Participation <br> (5) |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GIRLS | 567 | $47 \%$ | 251 | $44 \%$ |
| BOYS | 638 | $53 \%$ | 360 | $56 \%$ |
| Totals (2) | 1205 | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ | $100 \%$ |

## Instructions:

1) Determine the total number of girls enrolled.

Determine the total number of boys enrolled.
2) Add the total number of girls and boys enrolled to determine total enrollment.
3) Calculate the percentage of total enrollment that is female. Calculate the percentage of total enrollment that is male.
4) Ask the head coaches to review the most updated eligibility or squad lists for their tears. Ask coaches to confirm the names of those individuals who are on the team as of the first date of competition, and cross out the names of those who were cut from the team or quit the team prior to the first competitive event. Determine the total number of interscholastic athletics participants that are girls. In order to determine the total number of ahienics participants an individual should be counted each time he or she participates or a team. For example, if Jane Doe competes on the varsity volleyball team, the junior varsity volleyball team, the junior varsity basketball team, and the varsity softball team, she should be counted as four participants (do not include club or intramural sports participants or cheerieaders). Calculate the same way for boys and girls.
5) Calculate the percentage of female participation (column 1) based on information from. (column 4).

Calculate the percentage of male enrollment (column 1) based on information from (colima 4).

Note: While being within three percent is not a formal compliance standard; if the percent listed in column 5 is within $3 \%$ of column 3 then it provides a good target within which compliance is


Date:


## ACCOMMODATION OF INTERESTS AND ABILITIES <br> SUMMARY PROGRAM CHART 2

## Participation Opportunities Test Two



1) Calculate the number of interscholastic teams offered for girls at each competitive level (for example, varsity, junior varsity, and freshman levels).
2) Calculate the number of interscholastic teams that have been added in the last five yes at each competitive level
3) Determine the total number of participants that are currently on the teens that were acted in the las five yeas.
4) Calculate the percentage of participants that have been added in the last five years. For example, if gus' varsity
 softball ( 15 participants) have been added in the last five years, then 63 participation cpportanime neva bent added for girls. If the total number of female participants in the program is 300 (taker from Bom T-1, Column 4), then $21 \%$ of the current opportunities ( 63 of 300 ) have been added in the las: five years.

Note: If the percentage of current female participants added in the last five years is $25 \%$ or greater, compliance within test two may be possible. If less than $25 \%$, then compliance with test three should be analyzed. SAUTION: $25 \%$ no: a formal compliance standard.


[^0]
## ACCOMMODATLON OE XNTERESTS AND ABILITIES

## SUMMARY PROGRAM CHART 3

## Participation Opportunities Test Three

If girls are underrepresented in the interscholastic athletics program, answer the following questions for girls only. If boys are underrepresented in the interscholastic athletics program, answer the following questions for boys only.

| 1. | Is there an intramural team offered in a sport not now available in the interscholastic athletics program? (YES or NO) | 120 | Ho |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | For a sport not currently offered, is there sufficient interest to form a viable interscholastic team based on participation on an intramural team or community recreation teams? (YES or NO) | 10 | 74 |
| 3. | For a sport currently offered, is there enough interest to form a viable team for a junior varsity, freshman, or other interscholastic level that is not currently offered? (YES or NO) | 10 | 粏 |
| 4. | If you answered yes to question one, two, or three, are there enough other high schools in your school's normal competitive region offering the sport and competitive level of sport to constitute enough competition for a reasonable competitive schedule? (YES or NO) | $M$ | $1 /$ |



## ACCOMMODATION OF INTERESTS AND ABILITIES SUMMARY PROGRAM CHART 4

## Levels of Competition Test One

| Team Levels |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Total Number of Athletics Participants in All Levels | GIRLS | BOYS |
| 1. Number of Varsity Teams Offered | 10 | 10 |
| 2. Number of Participants on all Varsity Teams | 146 | 169 |
| 3. Percentage of Total Varsity Participants By Sex | $58 \%$ | $47 \%$ |
| 4. Total Number of Male Participants At All Levels | N/A | 360 |
| 5. Number of Junior Varsity Teams Offered | 9 | 8 |
| 6. Number of Participants on all Junior Varsity Teams | 89 | 141 |
| 7. Percentage of Total Junior Varsity Participants By Sex | $35 \%$ | $39 \%$ |
| 8. Number of Freshman Teams Offered | 1 | 2 |
| 9. Numbers of Participants on all Freshman Teams | 16 | 50 |
| 10. Percentage of Total Freshman Participants By Sex | $7 \%$ | $14 \%$ |

1) Determine the number of teams at the varsity, junior varsity, and freshman live's for boys and girls. ( $\# 1,5,8$ )
2) Determine the total number of participants for boys and girls at each conceritive level. (\#2, 6, 9)
3) Calculate the percentage of female and male participants at each level. $(3,6,9)$ Example: Take the total number of female participants from the Summary Program Chart 1 (form T-1) and divide it into the number of total participants for each level:, varsity, junior varsity and freshman levels. Perform the same calculation for male participants. For example, if there are a total of 300 female participants, and 180 gels are on varsity teams, 80 girls on junior varsity teams, and 40 girls on freshman te ms, then $60 \%$ of girls' participation opportunities are at the varsity level ( 180 divide by 300 ), $27 \%$ are at the junior varsity level ( 80 divided by 300 ), and $13 \%$ are at the freshman level ( 40 divided by 300 ). If there are a total of 400 male participants, and 250 participate at the varsity level, 100 boys participate on junior varsity tans, and 50 boys participate on freshman teams, then $63 \%$ of boys participate at the rainy level ( 250 divided by 400 ), $25 \%$ compete at the junior varsity level ( 100 d viced $5 y$ 400 ), and $13 \%$ compete at the freshman level ( 50 divided by 400 ).
Signature:


Date:


2000-2001 KHSAA TITLE IX ATHLETICS AULIT
Checklist - Overall Interscholastic Athletics Program

| Areas of Compliance | ADVANTAGE TO |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | GIRLS' <br> PROGRAM | BOYS' <br> PROGRAM |
| Opportunities |  |  |  |
| Equipment and Supplies |  |  |  |
| Scheduling of Games and Practice <br> Time |  |  |  |
| Travel and Per Diem Allowances |  |  |  |
| Coaching |  |  |  |
| Locker Rooms, Practice |  |  |  |
| and Competitive Facilities |  |  |  |
| Medical and Training Facilities <br> and Services |  |  |  |
| Publicity |  |  |  |
| Support Services |  |  |  |
| Tutoring** |  |  |  |
| Housing and Dining Facilities |  |  |  |
| and Services** |  |  |  |
| Recruitment of Student Athletes** |  |  |  |

** Athletic scholarships, tutoring specifically for athletes, housing and dining facilities and services and recruitment of student athletes are usually not relevant at the high school leven?




## INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS SURVEY Summary Of Student Responses

Instructions:

1. Summarize the Student Athletics Interest Surveys by listing the total! number of responses on the line next to each sport.
2. Under the other category please provide a listing of the sports as well as the number of students who are interested in participating.
3. Please sign and date the Summary Form (T-64) and mail the Summary Form only to the KHSAA by April 15, 2001. Do not mail the original.


Fall Sports (List Total Number of Participation Responses)

| $\mathbf{1 6 4}$ | Football |
| ---: | :--- |
| $\mathbf{8 3}$ | Girls' Volleyball |
| $\mathbf{4 4}$ | Boys' Volleyball |
| $\mathbf{3 1}$ | Boys' Cross-Country |
| $\mathbf{3 7}$ | Girls' Cross-Country |
| $\mathbf{2 6}$ | Girls' Field Hockey |
| $\mathbf{4 5}$. Boys' Golf |  |
| $\mathbf{1 8}$ | Girls' Golf |
| $\mathbf{5 1}$ | Boys' Soccer |
| 53 | Girls' Soccer |

Winter Sport (List Total Number of Responses)
94 Boys' Basketball
${ }^{60}$ Girls' Basketball
31 Boys' Swimming \& Diving
53 Girls' Swimming \& Diving
62 Boys' Wrestling
53 Girls' Gymnastics
27 Boys' Indoor Track
34 Girls' Indoor Track
Spring Sport (List Total Number of Responses)


Other Sports (From Survey Question 10)

Name of Sport $\quad$| Number of Students Interested In |
| :--- |

$\xrightarrow[\text { Please see Appendix "G" }]{\text { attached }}$ Participating
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
-
Number of Students who participate in Intramural Sports. (From Survey Question 5) Sport
Please see Appendix $" \mathrm{~B}$ "

Number
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

-___

List Intramural Sports students are interested in adding: (From Survey Question 6) Sport


Number
$\qquad$
-___-_-_-_-_-_

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Participation in Non-School Sports Activities (From Survey Question 7)

Sport
$\qquad$

Number
$\qquad$

Reasons for not participating in interscholastic athletics. (From Survey Question 8)

## Response $\quad \sim$ Number

47 I prefer other activities such as band, chorus, etc.
180 I don't have time
62 The practice schedules and game times are inconvenient
48 The sport I like isn't offered
22 It's too expensive
$\frac{10}{129}$ I prefer to participate in club or intramural sports
129 Working
50 Other
See Appendix "E"
Student Suggestions to encourage participation
See Appendix " ${ }^{\text {F" }}$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$


# Larry A. Ryle High School Athletic Department 

The "Union" of Technology and Tradition
10379 U.S. 42 - Union, Kentucky 41091
Phone (859) 384-5311
FAX (859) 384-5335
E-mail CHolland@Boone.K12.Ky.US
Vocie Mail: (859) 384-5300 Ext. 304
P. Fred Bernier, Assistant Principal Stephen Ogden, Vice Principal Charles Holland, Athletic Director

Constance Kapf, Counselor Debra Martin, Counselor Juhe More, Counselor

## APPENDIX B

## INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLTICS STUDENT SURVEY

Question 5. Do you participate in intramural sports? If you do, which sport(s)?
Badminton - 4
Volleyball-3
Basketball - 40
Softball-3
Soccer-10
Hockey - 2
Golf
Baseball - 5
Paintball-4
Swimming - 4

# Larry A. Ryle High School Athletic Department 

The "Union" of Technology and Tradition
10379 U.S. 42 - Union, Kentucky 41091
Phone (859) 384-5311
FAX (859) 384-5335
E-mail CHolland@Boone.K12.Ky.US
Vocie Mail: (859) 384-5300 Ext. 304
P. Fred Bernier, Assistant Principal Stephen Ogden, Vice Principal
Charles Holland, Athletic Director

Constance Kepf, Counsetor Debra Martin, Counselor Julla Moore, Comseion

## APPENDIX "C" <br> INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETTICS STUDENT SURIEY

Question 6. Which intramural sports, if any, would you like to see added"
Basketball - 58
Field Hockey - 7
Hockey - 19
Sheet shooting - 1
Volleyball-34
Badminton - 9
Lacrosse - 12
Softball-9
Soccer - 11
Bowling-6
Skiing - 3
Flag Football-4
Paintball-11
Table Tennis - 14
Rugby - 2
Boxing - 1

# Larry A. Ryle High School Athletic Department 

The "Union" of Technology and Tradition
10379 U.S. 42 - Union, Kentucky 41091
Phone (859) 384-5311 FAX (859) 384-5335
E-mail CHolland@Boone.K12.Ky.US
Vocie Mail: (859) 384-5300 Ext. 304
P. Fred Bernier, Assistant Principal

Stephen Ogden, Vice Principal
Charles Holland, Athletic Director

Consiance Kept, Counselor Debra Martin Counselor sulle Moore, Counselor

## APPENDIX "E" INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS STUDENT SURVEY

Question \# 8 .
Are you currently participating in interscholastic athletics during any season"?
Other:
Back problems
High School sports are barbaric, encourages violence
School more important
Should let us know in advance when try-outs are being held
Hate sports
Church
Art
Cheerleading
Transportation problems

# Larry A. Ryle High School Athletic Department 

The "Union" of Technology and Tradition
10379 U.S. 42 - Union, Kentucky 41091
Phone (859) 384-5311
FAX (859) 384-5335
E-mail CHolland@Boone.K12.Ky.US
Vocie Mail: (859) 384-5300 Ext. 304
Consiance Keof Counselor Debra Marin, Counselor Jutie Hioore Counselor
P. Fred Bernier, Assistant Principal Stephen Ogden, Vice Principal
Charles Holland, Athletic Director

# Larry A. Ryle High School Athletic Department <br> The "Union" of Technology and Tradition <br> 10379 U.S. 42 - Union, Kentucky 41091 <br> Phone (859) 384-5311 <br> FAX (859) 384-5335 <br> E-mail CHoltand@Boone.K12.Ky.US <br> Vocie Mail: (859) 384-5300 Ext. 304 

Randall K. Cooper, Principal
Constance Kept. Counsetor Debra Martin, Counseor unfie Mocte, Counselor
P. Fred Bernier, Assistant Principal

Stephen Ogden, Vice Principal Charles Holland, Athletic Director

## APPENDIX "F"

## INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS STUDENT SURVEY

## Question \# 9.

Do you have any suggestions to encourage participation?
Need flexible practice schedules
Hire coaches who know something
Better variety of sports
More money for all teams, better equipment
Hire coaches that actually know the sport they are suppose to conch
Better advertising
Offer fencing
Offer archery
Make sports less expensive
Have intramural sports
Pay players to play
Stress it keeps you in shape
Hire new coaches
Lower ticket prices
Build a pool
Advertising sports available before season starts
Choosing of players to keep or cut is not fair, coaches play fas orites
Coaches - give players more playing time and don't be so controting
Too many practices
Don't remove person from squad when miss practice due to not
Having school(no school - no practice).
Make announcements weeks before try-outs or practice stats.
Add new sports
Phase out high school sports
More pep rallies, team activities, announcements
Where do you sign up for sports?

# Larry A. Ryle High School Athletic Department 

The "Union" of Technology and Tradition
10379 U.S. 42 • Union, Kentucky 41091
Phone (859) 384-5311
FAX (859) 384-5335
E-mail CHolland@Boone.K12.Ky.US
Vocie Mail: (859) 384-5300 Ext. 304
P. Fred Bernier, Assistant Principal

Stephen Ogden, Vice Principal
Charles Holland, Athletic Director

Consmance Kepf. Counstor Debra Marin Counselpr Julle Moore, Counselor

## APPENDIX "G" <br> INTERSCHOLASTIC ATHLETICS STUDENT SURVEY

Question \# 10.
Please list OTHER SPORTS you are interested in participating in and the sports season.

SPORT
Hockey
Cheerleading
Ultimate Frisbee
Paint ball
Go Cart Racing
Skateboarding
Badminton
Rugby
Lacrosse
Motor cross
Boys Volleyball
Girls Field Hockey
Ballroom dancing
Indoor soccer
Slow pitch softball
Girls Diving
Ski Teams
Bowling
Kick Boxing
Biking
Shate boarding
Racquet ball
Rowing
Table tennis
Weight lifting

SEASON

Winter
29
Year around 37
Spring
2
Spring 22
Spring 4
Spring 3
Winter 11
Fall 15
Fall 26
Spring 2
Winter 44
Fall 26
Winter 2
Fall 7
Spring 32
Winter 4
Winter 2
Winter 16
all year 1
all year 1
all year 1
winter 1
spring 1
All year 21
All year 3
two or three can add opportunities for men without jeopardizing its current compliance status. However, under tests two and three, there is a continuing obligation for an institution to ensure that it can establish a continuing practice of program expansion for women (test two) or that it continues to offer all spores for women for which there is sufficient interest and ability for a team and sufficient competition in its normal competitive region (test three). Some institutions may be meeting test two or test three and be unaware of this fact. The analyses and demonstrating compliance with these tests can be challenging.

The policies discussed above reference intercollegiate programs, but they also apply to interscholastic athletics programs at high schools, middle schools and, where they may exist, elementary schools. One difference for high schools is that determining the enrollment population is less complicated. There is usually no need to distinguish full time versus part time and graduate versus undergraduate students. A high school's normal competitive region will, of course, cover a significantly smaller geographic area than collegiate programs. Furthermore, information about "feeder" programs is usually confined to programs at the middle school(s) and recreation programs in the surrounding communities. In reviewing information about feeder progratus, the emphasis should be on those sports not currently offered in the interscholastic program to the underrepresented sex for which there appears to be any interest. ((34 C.F.R. § 106.41 (c)(1)); PI VII.C. Pages 71417-18; Policy Clarification, 1-16-96.

$Q$
OCR seems to be changing their policy on cheerleading. Is cheerleading a sport? There is no question that cheerleaders are athletes. (Combined questions of several state high school association representatives, principal, superintendent, and commissioners of regional collegiate conferences).

$A$OCR's policy on cheerleading has not changed. What has changed is the nature of cheerleading. We at Good Sports, Inc., have actually reviewed a high school athletics program where we considered the cheerleading team to be part of the interscholastic program, but the fact
situation at that high school is still the exception rather than the rule.

OCR's policy on cheerleading has been the same since 1975. OCR issued a Sepember 1975 memorandum to Chief State School Officers, Superintendents of Local Edicacional Agencies and College and University Presidents called "Subject: Elimination of Sex Discrimination in Athletic Programs." This policy document states that "drill teams, cheerleaders, and the like, which are covered more generally as extacurricular activities under section $86.31 \ldots$ are nos 1 part of the institution's 'athletic program' within the meaning of the regulation."

The purpose of this policy was and is quire simple. In the 1970 s , boys played spors and gitls cheered them on, acting as entervainment ar the boys' contests. Many high school represcatatives in the 1970s were anxious to colint cheerleaders and other such groups as interscholastic arbletics participants. This would reduce and, depending on the number of cheerleaders, drill ceam members, etc., at a specific school, perhass eliminate the institution's obligation to consider ever offering girls' basketball, wolleyball, softball, track, or any other girls' spor:. If OCR s policy had been to consider cheerleading, drill team, pom pom performers and similar groups is interscholastic participants, chances are excelient that few girls' sports would have ever bee: added in most interscholastic and intercollegiat? programs.

These days, cheerleaders and drill teams, etc.) often practice five day ser week have compensated coaches, do rimes that only gymnasts performed 20 yeurs ago. tavel is their own comperitive everts, and the team operations are administered through the chictics department. All of these chatracteristic, would qualify them as an interscholastic tean, and the? would be an interscholastic team except or one characteristic. The one chalatersicic ahat atill distinguishes the vast majorin, of chee teatiry teams, drill teams, etc., is that a significiant gutpose for their existence is to provid enterammens, in effect, act in a support role for other reams. If the

[^1]
## Title IX Athletics Q \& A

cheerleading team did not provide entertainment. at events for interscholastic teams, then chances improve significandly that it may be considered an interscholastic team.

At the high school that we reviewed, the school had a "competitive cheerleading" team, as distinguished from the "sideline" cheerleaders. The competitive cheerleading team did not in significant part exist to provide support or entertainment at events for other teams. On occasion, the competitive cheerleading team provided a brief exhibition of a routine at a competitive event for another team, at which event the sideline cheerleaders performed throughout the game. In other words, the comperitive cheerleading team provided an exhibition of a routine in the same way gymnastics team members might provide a brief exhibition once or twice as a promotion for their own upcoming competitive event.

This is not to say that a cheerleading team calling itself "competitive" cheerleaders is automatically an interscholastic team. A competitive cheerleading team may compromise its classification as an interscholastic team by acting in a support role at events for other teams. By their nature, interscholastic teams do not act in a support role at the events for other interscholastic teams, and this should be true of interscholastic cheerleading teams. 'Thus, if a "comperitive" cheerleading team acts as entertainment or in a support role for interscholastic teams, then it is an extracurricular activity and not pare of the athletics program.;

To add a complicated twist to these considerations, an individual or individuals may participate on both the competitive cheerleading team, which might be part of the interscholastic athletics program, and the sideline cheerleading team, which is not part of the interscholastic athletics program if it provides entertainment at events for other teams. Where some or even all of the sideline cheerleaders are also on the competicive cheerleading team, participants should be participating in separate practices and, ideally, participating in separate seasons." Any institution
that wishes to claim its compenine chenleding ream as an interscholastic team need: to Ensure shen sine of demarcation between participarion on the comperitive team, which does not entertin ar evens for otaer interscholastic teams, and participarion in practices and performances as sideline cheerleacers. Ar the high school that we reviewed where the comprative cheerleading team was part of the incersholasic program, the competitive aterleaders did aros participate on the sideline cheorleading teans. Furthermore, the competitive cheeltading team routines, which were choreographed in much the sume way as gymnastics events, were significandy differens from the sideline cheerleading routines.

One final thought. The decisions br state high sch yol associations or, for that mater, state gestivues, to label cheerleading as a sarcioned incerscholatic sport will not influence complance with 'the $x$. Although OCR is likely to listen, OCR is also likely to be unpersuaded if in reverting the individual institution's "competitive" cherrading eism the evidence shows that a significant purpose for char tem is acting in a support role for interwholastic teans. As a federal law, Title IX takes precedence o:er state taws and athletic association by-laws.
( 34 C.F.R. $\$ 106.31$. The reference to section 86.31 refers to the codification of Titie C unde: the Denat ment of Health, Education, and Welfare HEW) When HEW split in 1980 it:c fte Deartinen: of Education (ED) and the Deputnesi o Healrh ad Human Services (HHS), the Dqarment al Educatum Title IX regulation was recodles a 34 bela mar 106, while the HHS Title IX t , han araind dae codification at 45 C.F.R. Part 36 . Se ala $3+C .2$ § $106.6(\mathrm{~b})$ and (c) stating the obtaton to amoly with Title IX is not "obviatec or ath iacel' by sate law or athletic association by-ians


Does a boy have to be alloned to try out for the giris sofrball tean? (Parent)


Realistically, no-altoug ic is, rectricaly, not completely out a the realn of possublity that a boy migh: have to le alloned so try out for the girls softal ram. Wrader


[^0]:    Copyright 1999. Good Sports. Inc., Title $X$ and Gender Equip Specialists. All rights reserved.

[^1]:    Volume 1, Issue 1

